







### INTRODUCTION

Following Malaysia's Budget 2025 which was presented on 18 October 2024, the Ministry of Finance ("MOF") has released the following which contain additional tax proposals and changes to the tax proposals announced earlier:

- Finance Bill 2024\*;
- Measures for the Collection, Administration and Enforcement of Tax Bill 2024\*; and
- Labuan Business Activity Tax (Amendment) (No.2) Bill 2024\*.

### \* Passed at Dewan Rakyat on 4 December 2024

We are pleased to share with you some of the key updates in this newsletter on: -

- Dividend Tax
- Capital Gains Tax (CGT)
- Real Property Gains Tax (RPGT)
- Stamp Duty
- Global Minimum Tax (GMT)
- Labuan
- Tax Administration





# GLOSSARY

Abbreviations / Acronyms	Descriptions
CE	Constituent Entity
CGT	Capital Gains Tax
СҮВ	Current Year Basis
DGIR	Director General of Inland Revenue
DTT	Domestic Top-up Tax
ETP	Estimate of Tax Payable
FY	Financial Year
GMT	Global Minimum Tax
IRBM	Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia
LLP	Limited Liability Partnership
MNE	Multinational Enterprise
PYB	Preceding Year Basis
RPC	Real Property Company
RPGT	Real Property Gains Tax
RPGTA	Real Property Gains Tax Act 1976
SAS	Self-Assessment System
SCIT	Special Commissioners of Income Tax
the Act	Income Tax Act 1967
TIN	Tax Identification Number
TTA	Total Tangible Asset
UPE	Ultimate Parent Entity
YA	Year of Assessment



#### Areas

### Key Highlights

1. Dividend Tax



It is proposed that: -

- 1. Income tax be charged for each YA at 2% on an individual's (either through direct shareholding or a nominee) chargeable income from dividend paid, credited or distributed (whether in monetary form or otherwise) by a resident company which is in excess of RM100,000.
- 2. Upon paying, crediting or distributing a dividend, such company is required to furnish the individual shareholders with a **certificate** stating the following:
  - a. Gross amount of the dividend and the amount of dividend paid or credited; or
  - b. Where the dividend includes property other than money, the market value of the property at the time of the distribution.
- 3. Any expenses incurred in relation to the exempted dividend income (i.e. first RM100,000 dividend) would not qualify for tax deduction.



Effective date: YA 2025

#### **Areas**

### **Key Highlights**

#### 2. CGT



It is proposed that: -

- 1. For a relevant company which is an RPC under RPGTA prior to 1 January 2024 (prior to introduction of CGT), the date of acquisition and acquisition price determined in accordance with RPGTA are deemed to be the date of acquisition and acquisition price under the Act (for CGT purposes).
- 2. Relevant company's status is to be assessed upon each acquisition e.g.
  - acquisition of shares of a controlled company incorporated outside Malaysia
  - subsequent acquisition of real property or shares of another controlled\* company or both by the controlled company incorporated outside Malaysia.
- 3. A relevant company ceases to be a relevant company from the date of disposal if:
  - the relevant company disposes real property or shares of another controlled company\* or both; and
  - the defined value of real property located in Malaysia or the shares of another controlled company\* or both at the date of disposal and thereafter falls below 75% of its TTA.

\*Another controlled company is defined as a controlled company which owns: –

- real property situated in Malaysia (including any right or interest thereof) or
- shares in another controlled company or
- both

where the defined value of real property or shares or both is not less than 75% of the value of its TTA.



Effective date: 1 January 2025

### Key Highlights **Areas** 3. RPGT Pursuant to the introduction of SAS under RPGTA, it is proposed that: -1. Taxpayers (i.e. disposer and acquirer) are required to submit RPGT returns electronically using prescribed forms. 2. RPGT (if any), shall be due and payable within ninety (90) days from the date of disposal. 3. Chargeable gain from each disposal of chargeable assets shall be ascertained separately. 4. Allowable losses in respect of a disposal of chargeable asset shall only be allowed as a deduction against chargeable gain in the subsequent disposal in the same YA. Effective date: 1 January 2025 4. Stamp Duty It is proposed that: -1. Duty payers are required to submit stamp duty returns electronically using prescribed forms together with instruments executed and chargeable with duty. Effective Date: 1 January 2026 (Based on the Budget 2025) announcement, the implementation of SAS for stamp duty will be conducted in phases.) 2. Duty payable shall be due and payable on the date of deemed assessment. Effective Date: 1 January 2026 3. Minimum amount of stamp duty: RM10 per instrument (except cheque and contract note). Effective Date: 1 January 2025 4. Record keeping of seven (7) years. Effective Date: 1 January 2026

### Areas Key Highlights 4. Stamp Duty 5. Statute of limitation is five (5) years from the date duty is paid or (Cont'd) would have been paid (not applicable in the case of fraud, wilful default or negligence). Effective Date: 1 January 2026 6. Revised / new penalties: -Offence **Penalties** Late stamping Revised as follows: of instruments Stamping of **Penalties** Instruments Within three (3) RM50 or 10% of months after time! deficient duty of stamping (whichever is higher) RM100 or 20% of Any other case deficient duty (whichever is higher) Effective Date: 1 January 2025 Failure to keep On conviction, be liable to a fine not instruments and exceeding RM10,000 relevant documents Effective Date: 1 January 2026 Failure to furnish On conviction, be liable to a fine not return exceeding RM10,000 If there is no prosecution, be liable to fine ranging from RM200 to RM2,000 Effective Date: 1 January 2026

### Areas Key Highlights 4. Stamp Duty 6. Revised / new penalties (Cont'd): -(Cont'd) Offence **Penalties** Incorrect return / On conviction, be liable to fine ranging from Giving incorrect RM1,000 to RM10,000 and special penalty information which which equals the undercharged duty. affects chargeability to duty If there is no prosecution, be liable to penalty which equals the undercharged duty. Effective Date: 1 January 2026 7. Revised duty rates -

Items no.	Description of Instrument	Revised Duty Rates	
29	Cheque	RM1.00	
49(a)	for Lease	Lease Period	Duty Rates for every RM250 or part thereof
• Without fine or premium when the average rent and other considerations calculated for a whole year	Not exceeding 1 year	RM1	
	Exceeding 1 year but not exceeding 3 years	RM3	
	Exceeding 3 years but not exceeding 5 years	RM5	
		Exceeding 5 years	RM7



### Key Highlights **Areas** 4. Stamp Duty 7. Revised duty rates (Cont'd): -(Cont'd) Items no. Description of **Revised Duty Rates** Instrument Power or Letter of 59 Attorney Being conveyance Ad valorem rate of real property in consideration of and creating by way of sale or gift Any other case RM10.00 Effective Date: 1 January 2025 5. GMT It is proposed that: -1. For the purpose of DTT, a CE's (located in Malaysia and which is part of a MNE group) financial accounting net income or loss shall be determined based on the CE's financial statements if: a. all CEs in Malaysia have the same FY as the UPE of the MNE Group; and b. Each CE prepares its own financial statement and such financial statement is audited by an approved company auditor or required to be kept or used under any written law of Malaysia Effective date: FY beginning on or after 1 January 2025 and subsequent FYs

### Areas Key Highlights 6. Labuan Pursuant to the introduction of SAS for Labuan, it is proposed that: -1. Taxpayers (i.e. Labuan entities which are carrying on Labuan business activities) are required to submit return of profits electronically using prescribed forms within seven (7) months from the date following the close of accounting period. 2. Tax payable (if any), shall be due and payable on the due date of the returns of profits. 3. Taxpayers are obligated to provide documents or information electronically to the DGIR for purpose of ascertaining the chargeable profit and tax payable or net profit within 30 days after the due date of submitting the return of profits. Effective Date: YA 2025 in respect of basis period ending in the year 2025 It is also proposed that the basis period for a YA be changed from PYB to CYB, giving rise to two YAs for 2025: -YA 2025 in respect of basis period ending in the year 2024 (PYB); and YA 2025 in respect of basis period ending in the year 2025 (CYB). Effective Date: 1 January 2025



Areas	Key Highlights
7. Tax administration	It is proposed that: –
	1. Penalties for incorrect returns, information returns or reports
	<ul> <li>Where there is no prosecution, taxpayers may be liable to fines ranging from RM20,000 to RM100,000.</li> </ul>
	Effective date: 1 January 2025
	2. TIN
	<ul> <li>TIN to be made available for income tax purposes (e.g. e-Invoicing).</li> <li>Misuse of the TIN information is an offence. Upon conviction, abusers will be liable to: -</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A fine of not exceeding RM4,000; or</li> <li>Imprisonment for a term not exceeding one (1) year; or</li> <li>Both.</li> </ul>
	Effective date: 1 January 2025
	3. Correction of errors or mistakes in e-Invoices
	<ul> <li>Section 82C(8) of the Act be amended to provide that correction of errors or mistakes in e-Invoices may be made within 72 hours from the time of issuance of such e-Invoices.</li> </ul>
	Effective date: 1 January 2025
	4. E-filing of amended tax return
	<ul> <li>All taxpayers to submit the amended returns in prescribed forms via e-filing.</li> </ul>
	Effective date: YA 2025



Areas	Key Highlights
7. Tax administration (Cont'd)	<ul> <li>Section 107C(8) of the Act be amended to the following: –</li> <li>Where the DGIR directs a company, LLP, trust body or co-operative society to make payment for tax instalments before the eleventh month of a basis period for a YA, such entities may revise its ETP for that YA in the sixth month, ninth month, eleventh month or in all three (3) months.</li> </ul> Effective date: YA 2025
	<ul> <li>Amendments to grounds of appeal in Notice of Appeal</li> <li>A taxpayer may vary grounds of appeal if such changes are made within six (6) months from the date of DGIR's notice (i.e. DGIR files the Notice of Appeal to SCIT).</li> <li>Effective date: 1 January 2025</li> </ul>

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